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- (ii) demethylating said intermediate compound of formula (III) obtained by step (i) so as to yield (±)duloxetine; and
- (iii) converting (±)duloxetine obtained in step (ii) to (+)duloxetine by resolving racemic (±)duloxetine with di-p-toluyl tartaric acid so as to obtain (+)duloxetine di-p-toluyl tartrate, substantially free of (-)duloxetine, and converting said (+)duloxetine di-p-toluyl tartrate to (+)duloxetine hydrochloride.
- 12. A process according to any of claims 7 to 11, wherein the base is selected from the group consisting of an alkali metal hydroxide, an alkali metal carbonate and an alkali metal bicarbonate.
- 13. A process according to claim 12, wherein the base is selected from the group consisting of potassium hydroxide, sodium hydroxide, potassium carbonate, sodium carbonate and sodium bicarbonate.
- 14. A process according to any of claims 7 to 13, where the phase transfer catalyst is selected form the group consisting of crown ethers, quaternary ammonium salts and phosphonium salts.
- 15. A process according to claims 7 to 10, wherein X is hydroxy and Y is a leaving group.
- 16. A process according to claim 15, wherein the leaving group is halo.
- 17. A process according to claim 16, wherein the leaving group is fluoro.
- 18. A salt of a chiral acid and (+)duloxetine, substantially free of (-)duloxetine.
- 19. A salt of a chiral acid and (+)duloxetine, substantially free of (-)duloxetine, selected from the group consisting of (+)duloxetine mandelate, (+)duloxetine tartrate, (+)duloxetine di-p-toluyl tartrate, (+)duloxetine dibenzoyl tartrate and (+)duloxetine camphor sulfonate.